Overcoming gender data gaps in the Caribbean to accelerate the implementation of the SDGs









































WEBINAR 2: GENDER DATA GAPS IN THE CARIBBEAN

28 JULY 2020

Regional **Architecture**



2006

Gender Statistics (WGGS) is created at the SCA

2008

2011

First proposal of the Classification of Time-Use Activities for Latin America and the Caribbean (CAUTAL).

VI Conference

Countries are urged to those related to violence

2018

XVII Executive Committee

A set of indicators is A set of indicators is prioritized in the regional framework for the follow-up to the sustainable development goals in Latin America and the Caribbean, including the indicator of total work time and feminicide. 2003

II Conference

Gender equality is given work program of the Statistical Conference of

2007

IV Conference

The creation of the meeting of the Executive the first work programme of the WGGS.

The GTEG has been fundamental for the methodological discussion of the Gender Equality Observatory indicators.



2015

VIII Conference

2019

Recognizes the cross-cutting nature of gender issues and asks that the working groups of the Statistical Conference of the Americas mainstream the gender perspective into their work.



VI Conference

1994

egional Programme of Action for ti /omen of Latin America and the Cari Ensure the statistical information disag-

gregated by sex and ethnic. Investigate and register acts of violence against women, establishing a systematic register of those acts.

VIII Conference

2000

Strengthen systems for collecting and processing data disaggregated by sex. Adopt the use of gender indicators that contribute to the analysis of the status of women and to the implementation of public policies for the monitoring of international agreements.

X Conference

2007

2013

To develop instruments for periodically measuring unpaid work, especially time-use surveys.

The Observatory on Gender Equality (OIG) is established

XII Conference

Establish and strengthen statistical pro-

duction in areas such as the use of information and communication technologies, unpaid work, sexual and reproductive health, gender violence, for the design of appropriate and fair public po1977

I Conference

To construct statistics on fundamental aspects in order to monitor the situation of women in social and economic sphe-

1997

VII Conference

Develop gender indicators with disaggregated information. It is agreed to create a set of indicators that can be updated periodically.

2004

IX Conference

Enhance the development of an information system based on statistics disaggregated by sex, taking racial, ethnic and generational diversity into account, placng special emphasis on the issues of poverty, unpaid work, time use, gender-based violence and international migration.

2010

XI Conference

Promote the creation of satellite accounts on unpaid domestic work performed by women.

2016

XIII Conference

ntevideo Strategy for Implemental i of the Regional Gender Agenda hin the Sustainable <u>Developmen</u>

A specific implementation pillar is established on the information systems.

Santiago Commitment

38. Strengthen the production of gender statistics at the national level and acknowledge the technical assistance of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean for national gender equality observatories, which facilitates data

2020

Regional indicators Framework



