# Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators





DA12 project national online workshop:

Generating climate change and disaster statistics for policy decision-making in Suriname

13-15 July 2021

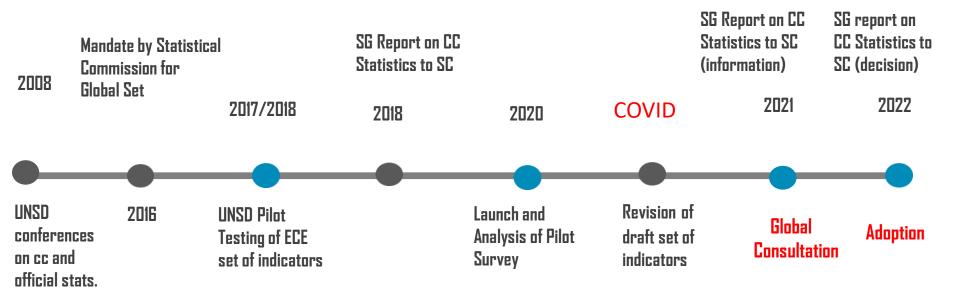


# Outline

- 1. Background
- 2. Mandate
- 3. Foundation
- 4. Methodology
- 5. Global Consultation
- 6. Draft Global Set
- 7. Metadata
- 8. Output
- 9. Dissemination examples
- 10. Recent and planned actions
- 11. Recommendations



## **Background: More than a decade long process**





### Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 47th session of the Statistical Commission in 2016

UNSD, in collaboration with UN-ECE, prepared the Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 47<sup>th</sup> session of the Statistical Commission (E/CN.3/2016/15) (New York, 8-10 March 2016).

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/environment/climatechange\_docs\_conf.html

#### Decision 47/112:

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/47th-session/documents/Report-on-the-47th-session-of-thestatistical-commission-E.pdf

#### Main decisions:

<u>For countries</u>: Use the FDES 2013 to guide the development of climate change statistics and indicators given the close interrelationship between environment statistics and climate change statistics.

<u>For UNSD</u>: Review and consider UN-ECE set of climate change-related statistics and indicators as a basis for developing a global set of climate change statistics and indicators, applicable to countries at various stages of development.



### Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 49th session of the Statistical Commission in 2018

UNSD, in collaboration with UN-ECE and UNFCCC, prepared the Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 49<sup>th</sup> session of the Statistical Commission (E/CN.3/2018/14) (New York, 6-9 March 2018).

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/49th-session/documents/2018-14-ClimateChange-E.pdf

Decision: 49/113

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/49th-session/documents/Report-on-the-49th-session-E.pdf

#### **Main decisions**

<u>For countries</u>: (i) Participate in the Pilot Survey on Climate Change-related Statistics and Indicators currently being undertaken by UNSD, as well as in the planned Global Consultation on Climate Change Statistics and Indicators; (ii) Enhance collaboration between NSOs and national authorities responsible for reporting climate change related information to UNFCCC Secretariat; <u>For UNSD and UNFCCC</u>: Strengthen the link between statistics and policy, for example, by: (i) undertaking joint initiatives in the development of climate change statistics and indicators; (ii)

encouraging joint capacity building efforts and trainings with other partners, and exploring ways to encourage NSOs to be more involved in the preparation of data submissions to the

UNFCCC secretariat, for supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement.



# Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 52nd session of the Statistical Commission in 2021 (information)

UNSD, in collaboration with UN-ECE and UNFCCC, prepared the Report of the Secretary-General on Climate Change Statistics to the 52<sup>nd</sup> session of the Statistical Commission (E/CN.3/2021/20) (New York, 1 to 3 and 5 March 2021). <u>https://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/52nd-session/documents/2021-20-</u> <u>ClimateChange-E.pdf</u>

Agenda item 4(c)

Items for information: Climate change statistics

E/CN.3/2021/20

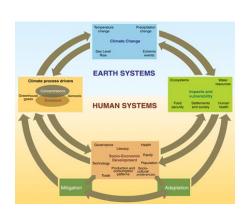
Report of the Secretary-General on climate change statistics



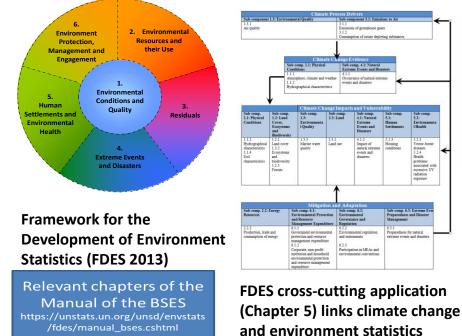


# Foundation

- Global Set, being developed in close collaboration with UNFCCC, is structured according to the IPCC framework and FDES.
- Relevant articles of the Paris Agreement (PA) and the decisions under the PA Work Programme adopted in Katowice, as well as related SDG and Sendai Framework indicators, are also referenced to strengthen the link between statistics and policy.



IPCC, 2007, Fourth Assessment Report





Goal 13

SENDAI FRAMEWORK FOR DISASTER RISK REDUCTION 2015-2030



United Nations Statistics Division

based on the IPCC Framework

# Methodology

The Global Set is based on:

- systematic review of climate change statistics and indicators from 130 countries, with representative regional coverage, and identification of most commonly repeated statistics/indicators.
- discussions at several meetings of the Expert Group on Environment Statistics (EGES) in which Suriname is a member;
- bilateral consultations with specialized agencies and in-depth discussions with selected countries; and
- inputs from an extensive Pilot Survey (in which Suriname participated) that took place in 2020.

More information:

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/climatechange.cshtml and https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/ClimateChange StatAndInd global.cshtml



# **Global Consultation**

#### Part I:

- Institutional Dimension of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators (in countries): aims at collecting general information on the institutional dimensions of climate change statistics through an online survey.
- International Agency's Activities on Climate Change Statistics and Indicators: aims at collecting general information on the main activities led by international Agencies (data collection, methodology development and capacity development), through an online survey.

#### Part II:

- **Draft Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators** (Excel file: *Part II\_DraftGlobalSet.xls*) which allows respondents to provide comments on each individual indicator or statistic in the Excel file;
- **Metadata** (Word file: *Part II\_Metadata.doc*) which allows respondents to provide detailed comments on the metadata in the Word file.



### Draft Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators (sent to countries)

А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н						
Area 🕨	Topic <b>•</b>	*	▶ Indicator	Statistics	Code <b>•</b>	Prelimina. <mark>}</mark> Tier	Themes	National Data Sources					
DRIV					1								
	Total	-	nhouse gas (GHG) emissions		101								
		1	Total greenhouse gas emissi		1020			Environment Agency/National climate change reporting authorities					
					1021	1		Environment Agency/National climate change reporting authorities					
					1022			Environment Agency/National climate change reporting authorities					
				Greenhouse gas emissions from land use, land use change and forestry (LULUCF) (UN-ECE	1023	1	GHG emissions	Environment Agency/National climate change reporting authorities					
		2	Total greenhouse gas emissi	ions from the national economy (UN-ECE 09a, excluding indirect GHGs)	1030	2	GHG emissions	NSO					
					1031		GHG emissions						
	Atmo	sphe	ric concentration of greenho	ouse gases	104								
		3	Global concentration of gree	enhouse gases	1040	2	GHG concentrat	GHG concentration					
					1041		GHG concentrat	GHG concentration					
	Energ	iy pro	oduction and supply		105								
		4	Total primary energy produc	ction from fossil fuels	1050	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy/Oil companies					
					1051		Energy						
		5	Total energy supply from for	<u>ssil fuels</u>	1060	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy/Oil companies					
					1061		Energy						
	Energy consumption												
		6	Energy consumption by hou	seholds and enterprises	1070	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy					
				Final energy consumption (FDES 2.2.2.c)	1071	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy					
				Households	1072	1	Energy	NSO					
		7	Energy intensity measured i	n terms of primary energy and GDP (SDG 7.3.1)	1080	2	Energy						
				Total energy supply (FDES 2.2.2.b)	1081	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy					

• The draft Global Set contains statistics for most [106 out of 134] indicators. Overall, the statistics were included to facilitate the process of compiling the proposed Tier 1 and 2 indicators.

• Three indicators are global in nature but may still be routinely produced by some countries and serve as important background indicators to monitor climate change in other countries (indicators 3, 41 and 45).



#### Draft Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators (required responses from countries)

	(required responses from countries)														
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L	М	N	0	Р
Area	Topic 🕨	v	Indicator	Statistics	Code	Preliminary Tier	Themes	National Data Sources	Rele	evance		dological ndness	Data A	wailability	General Comments
									Yes/No	Reference/ Link	Yes/No/ Partially	Reference/ Link	Yes/No	Reference/ Link	
DRI	'ERS				1										
	Total	l gree	enhouse gas (GHG) emission	S	101										
		1	Total greenhouse gas emiss		1020		GHG emissior	Environment Agency/Na							
				Total emissions of direct greenhouse gases (GHGs, exclud	1021	1	GHG emission	Environment Agency/Na							
				Total emissions of indirect greenhouse gases (GHGs) (FDE	1022	1	GHG emissior	Environment Agency/Na							
				Greenhouse gas emissions from land use, land use change	1023	1	GHG emissior	Environment Agency/Na							
		2	Total greenhouse gas emiss	ions from the national economy (UN-ECE 09a, excluding	1030	2	GHG emissior	NSO							
					1031		GHG emissior	1S							
	Atmo	osphe	eric concentration of greenh	ouse gases	104										
		3	Global concentration of gre	enhouse gases	1040	2	GHG concent	ration							
					1041		GHG concent	ration							
	Energ	gy pr	oduction and supply	·	105										
		4	Total primary energy produ	ction from fossil fuels	1050	1	Energy	Ministry of Energy/Oil c							
					1051		Energy								
		5	Total energy supply from fo	ssil fuels	1060		Energy	Ministry of Energy/Oil c							
					1061		Energy								
	_														

**Relevance** - is the indicator/statistic relevant for your country? In column J: Yes/No; In column K, if yes, please provide reference/link to the national policies for which the data applies.

**Methodological soundness** - do you use the methodology as provided in the metadata? In column L: Yes/No/Partially; In column M, please provide reference/link to the methodology applied in your country.

**Data availability** - are national data/statistics/indicators available for the proposed global indicator/statistic? In column N: Yes/No; In column O: If yes, please provide reference/link to the available data.



### Metadata

Field	Description							
Code	1120	1121						
Indicator	Population growth							
Statistics		Population						
Area	Drivers							
Торіс	Population							
Themes	Population							
Paris Agreement article								
PAWP-Katowice								
FDES								
SDG								
Sendai Framework								
Preliminary Tier	1	1						
Definition	The average annual percentage rates of population growth are	Population presents estimated mid-year total population by						
	calculated using an exponential rate of increase. [UN Population	country or area. [UNSD,						
	Division, https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-	https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-						
	social/products/dyb/documents/dyb2019/Notes01.pdf]	social/products/vitstats/index.cshtml]						
	1970 reaching 6.9 billion in 2010. The population has increased mainly in Asia, Latin America, and Africa, but the emissions increase for an additional person varies widely, depending on geographical location, income, lifestyle, and the available energy resources and technologies [IPCC, AR5, p. 355, https://www.ipcc.ch/site/assets/uploads/2018/02/ipcc_wg3_ar5_chapter5.pdf]							
National data sources	NSO	NSO						
Data collection methods	Census, survey, population register	Census, survey, population register						
Update frequency		Annual						
Category of measurement	Number	Number						
Computation/compilation methods								
International primary data reference, institution		UNSD Demographic Yearbook – 2019						
International primary data reference, description		Estimates of mid-year population: 2010-2019						
International primary data reference, URL		https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-						
		social/products/dyb/documents/dyb2019/table05.pdf						
Type of statistics		C						
International secondary data references	OECD							
Other data references								
Potential aggregations and scales								
Methodological guidance	UNSD; https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-social/products/dyb/documents/dyb2019/Notes01.pdf; UN Population Division,							
	https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-social/products/dyb/documents/dyb2019/Notes01.pdf; UNSD,							
	https://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic-social/products/vitstats/index.cshtml							



# Output

The Global Set will:

- provide a comprehensive statistical framework with statistics, indicators and metadata, designed to support countries in preparing their own sets of climate change statistics and indicators according to their individual concerns, priorities and resources; and
- support the reporting requirements of countries under the Enhanced Transparency Framework and the Global Stocktake of the Paris Agreement, as well as climaterelated SDG indicators.



# **Dissemination Examples**

There is a growing number of NSOs/regional institutions producing separate climate change statistics reports/conducting surveys to illustrate the importance of this topic.

#### National

- Jamaica Climate Change Statistics Report (2016)
- Tanzania National Climate Change Statistics Report (2020)
- Nepal Climate Change Impact Survey (2016)
- Bangladesh Climate Change/Disasters Survey (2021)
- Suriname report being planned

#### Regional

- Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Climate Change Statistics (2020)
- ESCWA Climate change-related statistics in the Arab region (2017)



## **Recent and planned actions of the Statistics Division**

- Capacity development:
  - latest activities in the region
    - UNSD/CARICOM Regional Workshop on Environment Statistics and Climate Change Statistics (Grenada, Nov 2019) [in which UNFCCC/ECLAC] participated (<u>https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/meetings/2019-Caricom%20Region/CaricomRegion.cshtml</u>)
    - National workshop on Environment Statistics and Climate Change Statistics organized by the CSO of Grenada (Grenada, Nov 2019) (<u>https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/meetings/2019-</u> <u>Grenada/Grenada.cshtml</u>
  - continue to collaborate with ECLAC/CARICOM on the DA12 project in the region
- Further explore ways, in collaboration with UNFCCC, to strengthen the relationship between NSOs and national authorities reporting climate change information;
- Analyze results of Global Consultation/discuss at 8<sup>th</sup> meeting of the Expert Group on Environment Statistics (Oct. 2021);
- Update Global Set and related metadata;
- Submit the Global Set to the 53<sup>rd</sup> session of the Statistical Commission, in March 2022, for adoption.

### Recommendations

- Participate in the Global Consultation on the draft Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators (May-July 2021) and engage all stakeholders involved in climate change data reporting and policy.
- Utilize the inter-agency working group on environment (climate change) statistics to facilitate data coordination and reporting.
- Promote complementarity among global, regional and national sets of climate indicators, to encourage harmonization across all levels. The Global Set is flexible enough, with a tiering system, to be applied based on regions', as well as countries', priorities and data availability.
- Seek support for capacity development through international and regional funding opportunities such as the Green Climate Fund, the Global Environment Facility, the United Nations and bilateral donors.



### Thank you for your attention!

For more information please contact the Environment Statistics Section at the United Nations Statistics Division:

E-mail: envstats@un.org

Website: <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/</a>

Climate Change Statistics Website

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/climatechange.cshtml

and

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/ClimateChange\_StatAndInd\_global.cshtml



