

# DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES, LABOUR MARKET AND GENDER DIVIDEND - JAMAICA

DEMOGRAPHIC TRANSITION: OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES TO ACHIEVE THE SDGS IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN SANTIAGO, CHILE SEPTEMBER 13, 2019
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#### JAMAICA: A Brief Introduction

**Largest English-speaking Caribbean island** 

OFFICIAL LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

WEATHER: TROPICAL, HOT ALL YEAR

**Upper Middle-Income country** 

POPULATION: 2,726,700 (2018p) (1 376 400 Females)

GDP PER CAPITA (Nominal): U\$\$5 726.12 (2018)

POLITICAL SYSTEM: Bi-Cameral/ Westminster Parliamentary system

MAIN INDUSTRIES: Tourism, Agriculture, Bauxite

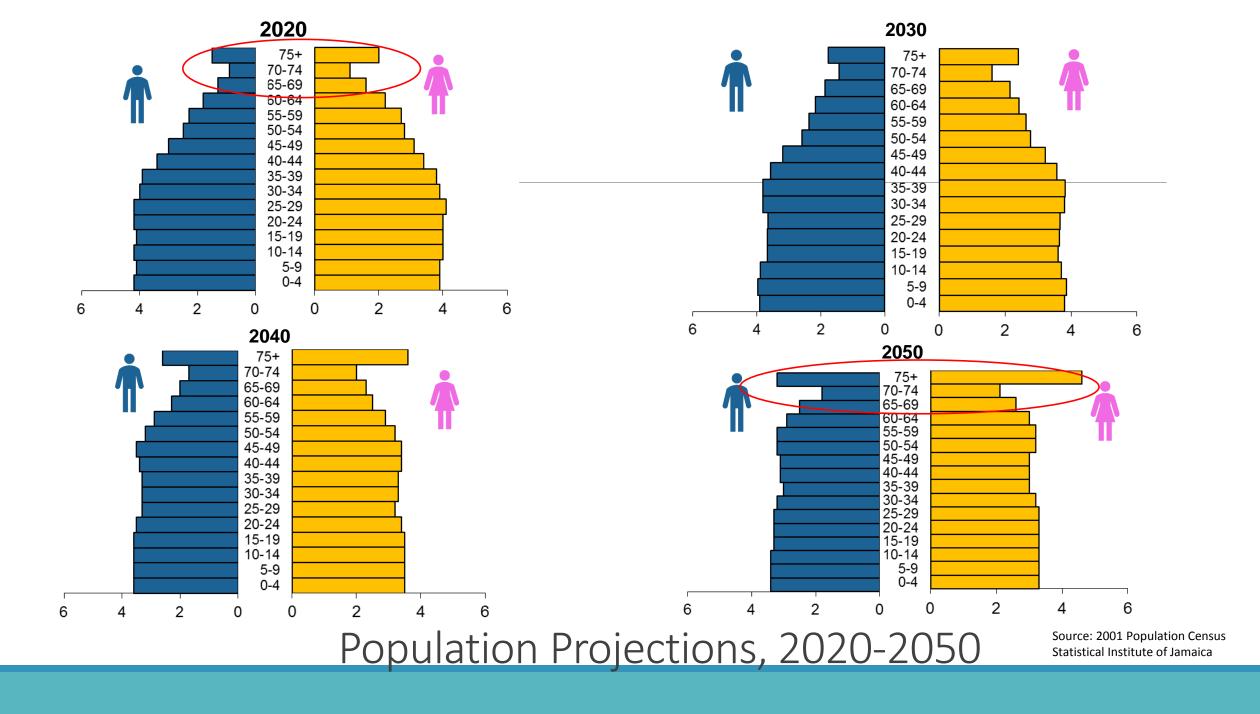
LITERACY RATE: 91.7%

POVERTY RATE: 19.3 % (2017)

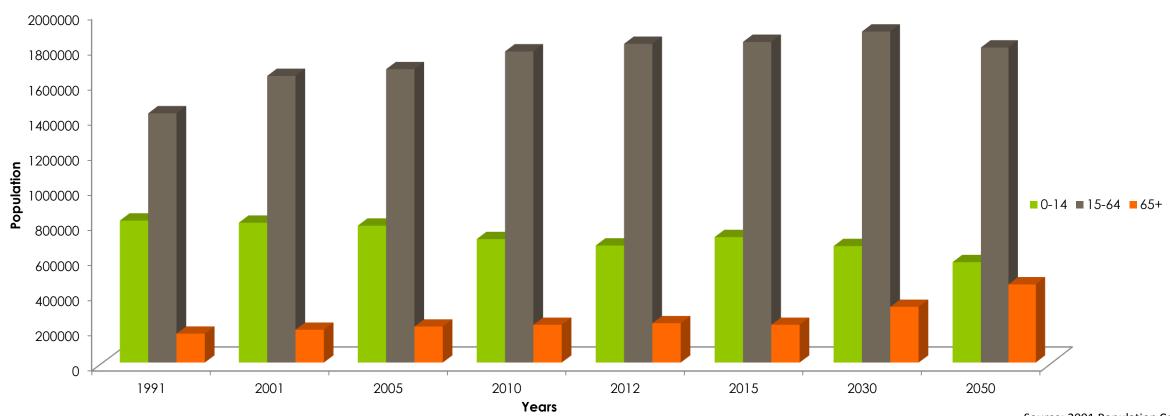
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: 8.7% (October 2018)

LIFE EXPECTANCY: 74.3 YEARS

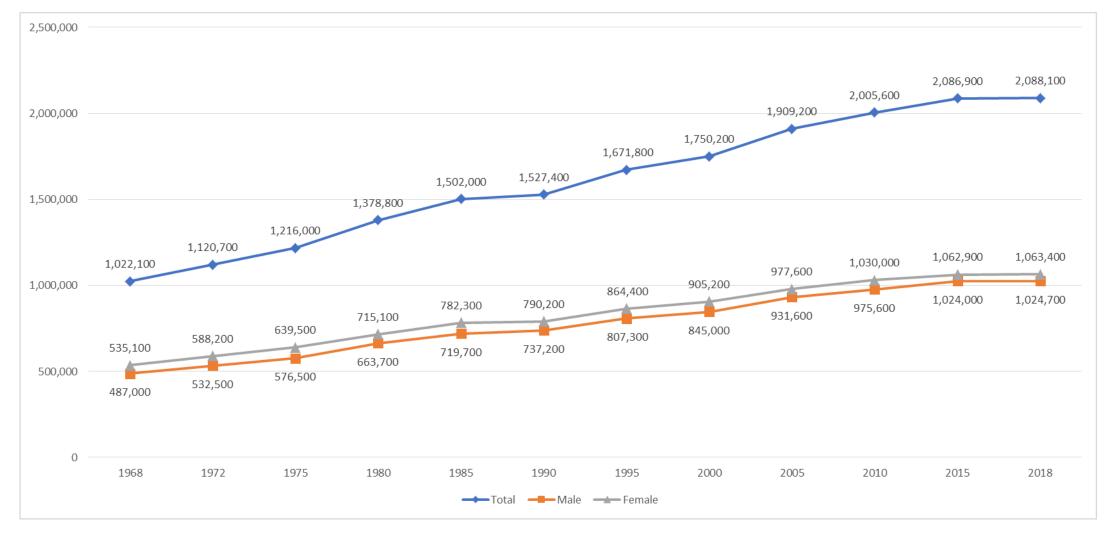




### Population Estimates & Projections by Age Group

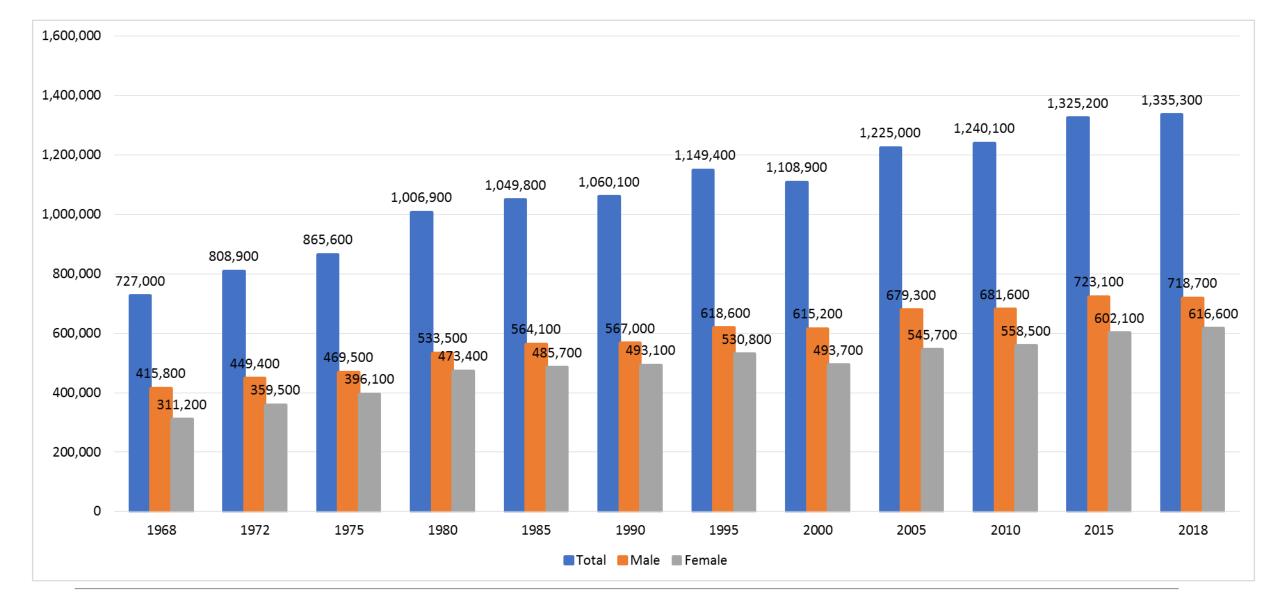


Source: 2001 Population Census Statistical Institute of Jamaica



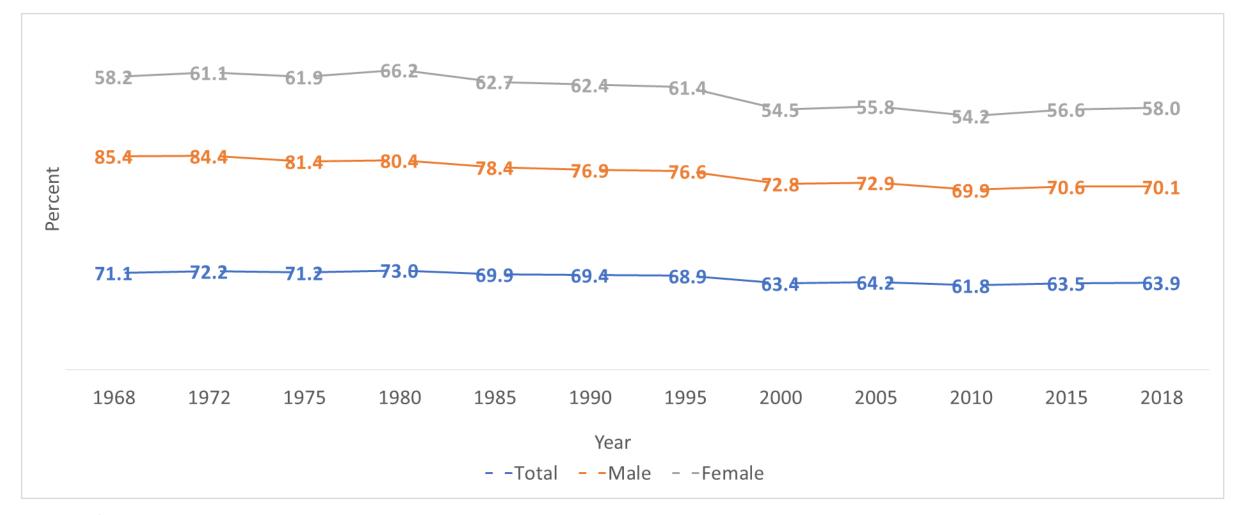
Working-Age Population (14 years and over), 1968-2018

Source: Labour Force Survey
Statistical Institute of Jamaica



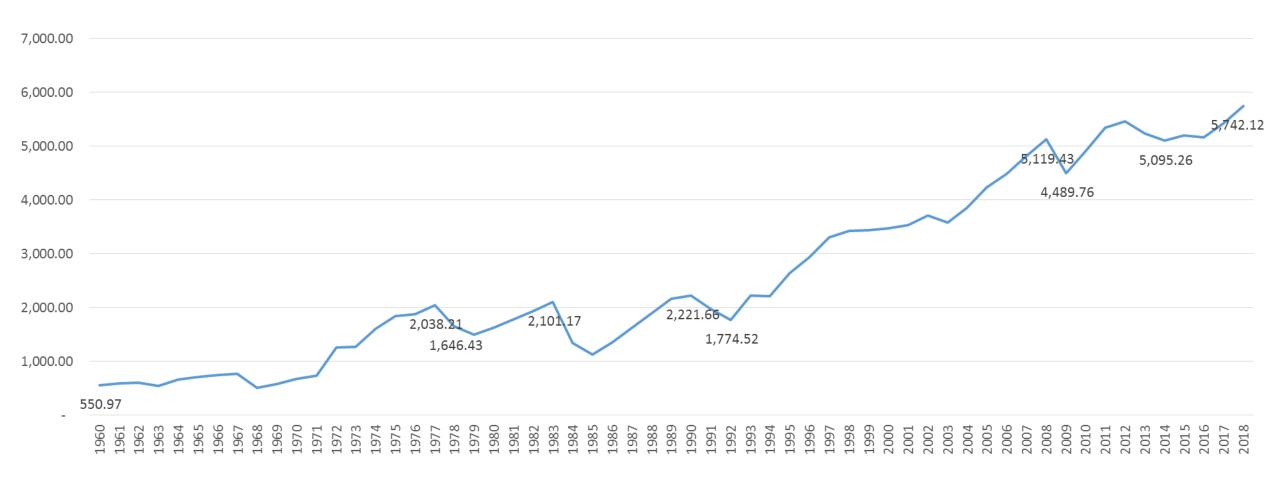
Labour Force, 1968-2018

Source: Labour Force Survey Statistical Institute of Jamaica



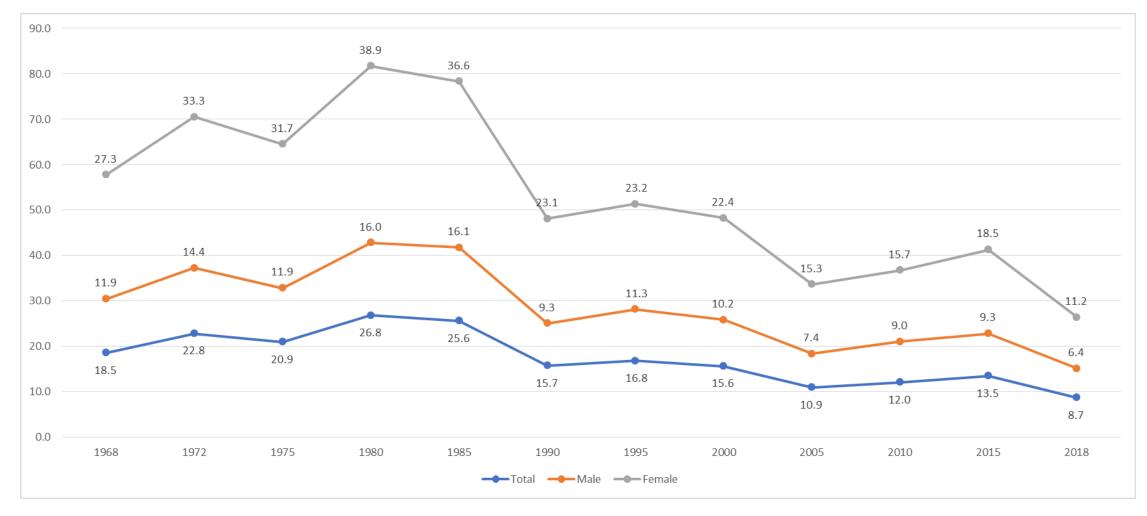
Labour Force Participation Rates, 1968-2018

Source: Labour Force Survey
Statistical Institute of Jamaica



## Nominal GDP per capita in US\$, 1960-2018

Data compiled by the Planning Institute of Jamaica



Unemployment Rate (%), 1968-2018

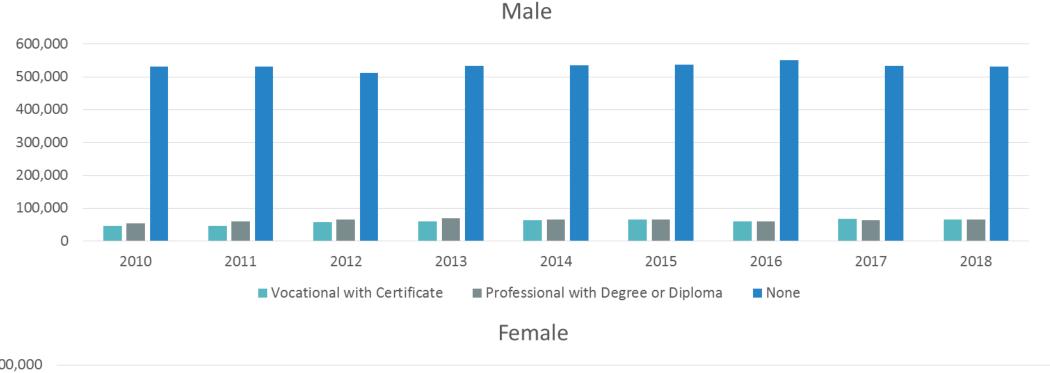
Source: Labour Force Survey
Statistical Institute of Jamaica

#### **Both Sexes**



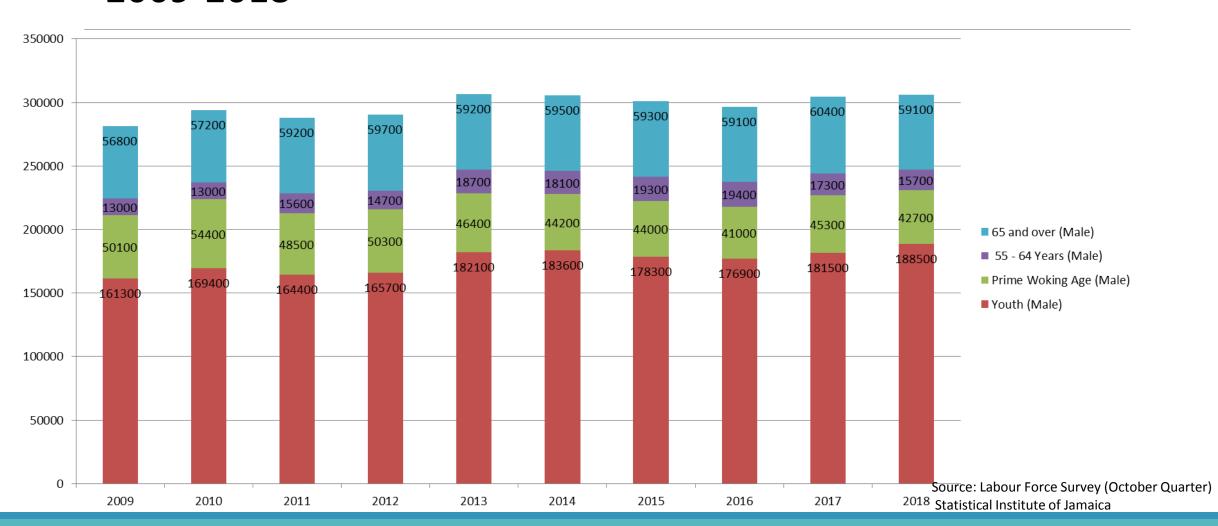
Labour Force by Training Received, 2010-2018

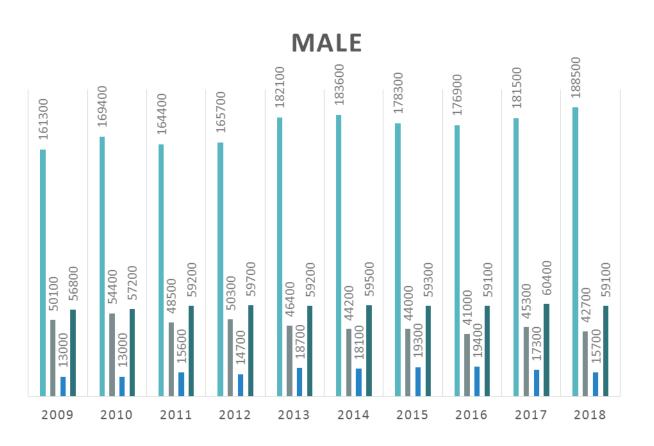


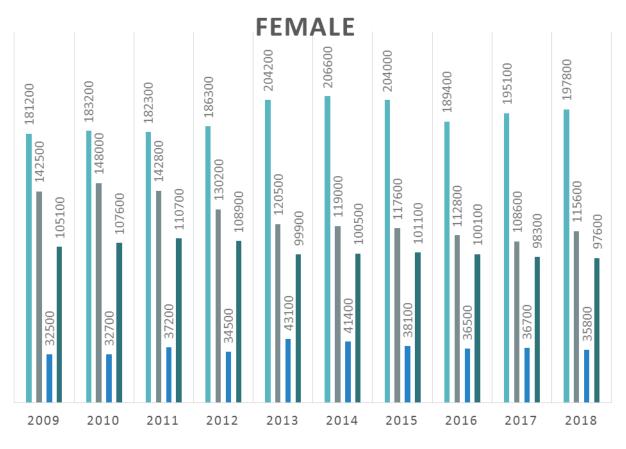




# Persons Outside the Labour Force by Age Group, Sex, 2009-2018







■ Youth (14-24 years) ■ Prime Working Age (25-54 years) ■ 55-64 years ■ 65+ years

#### POOR INDIVIDUALS BY SEX OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD AND AGE GROUP, 2008–2017 $\,$

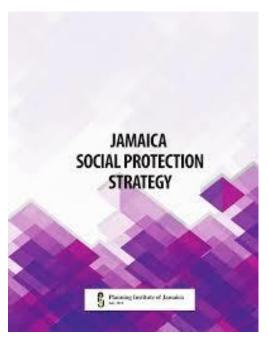
#### (PER CENT)

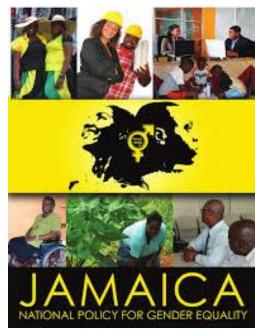
	2008	2009	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Sex of Household Head (Per Cent)									
Male	7.9	11.4	11.1	13.2	15.4	12.0	14.0	10.4	12.0
Female	9.0	12.8	13.8	15.9	19.1	15.4	16.6	13.0	14.8
Age Group (Per Cent)									
Early Childhood (0–8 Yrs)	15.8	19.1	20.8	26.0	29.6	23.9	24.2	19.3	22.9
Children (0–17 Yrs)	15.3	20.4	21.9	25.0	32.1	25.6	26.5	20.8	24.1
Adolescents (10–19 Yrs)	15.2	22.1	22.3	24.0	32.9	27.5	27.8	23.3	26.1
Youth (15–24 Yrs)	14.2	18.6	20.1	23.6	29.8	23.5	26.2	22.2	23.6
Young Adult (25–34 Yrs)	9.2	10.7	13.3	17.0	19.0	16.7	18.8	12.9	17.7
Prime Working Age (35–59 Yrs)	10.0	13.6	14.2	16.6	20.1	16.2	16.3	15.1	15.4
Elderly (60+ Yrs)	10.0	17.1	15.9	14.6	17.5	15.8	17.9	13.5	14.5
Jamaica	12.3	16.5	17.6	19.9	24.6	20.0	21.2	17.1	19.3

Note: No survey was fielded in 2011.

Source: Compiled by PIOJ with data supplied by STATIN

## Policies and Programmes



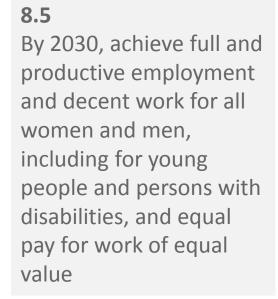


- 1. 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- 2. Vision 2030 Jamaica: National Development Plan
- 3. Gender Policy
- 4. Social Protection
- Social Protection Strategy
- National Policy on Poverty
- Programme of Advancement through Health and Education (Cash Transfer Programme)
- 5. Active Labour Market Policies/Programmes (ALMPs)
- 6. Population Policy
- 7. National Policy on International Migration & Development
- 7. Fiscal Policies
- 8. Youth Policy
- 9. Senior Citizens Policy



# 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH





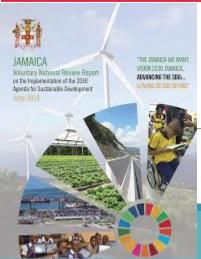


By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship



Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

POST-2015 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



SDGs and Vision 2030 Jamaica and the Gender Dividend

GOAL 1:

Jamaicans are empowered to achieve their fullest potential

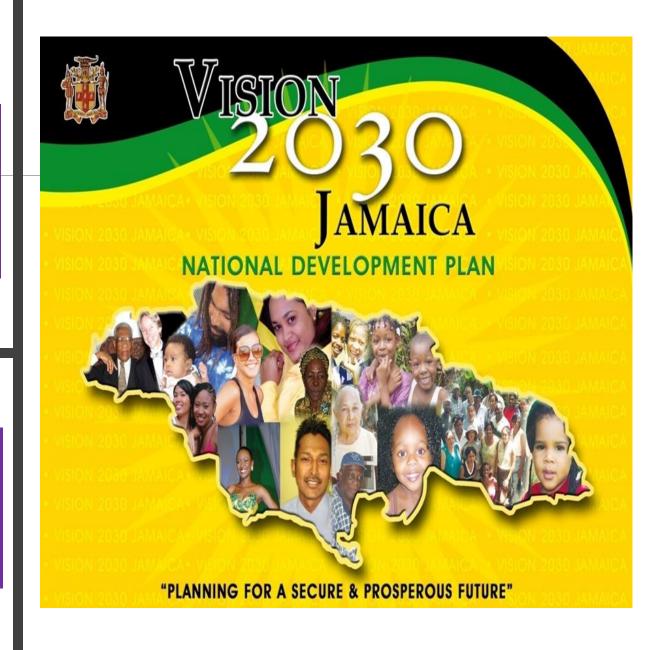


- 2. World Class Education & Training
- 3. Effective Social Protection
- 4. Authentic and Transformational Culture

GOAL 3: Jamaica's economy is prosperous



- 2. An Enabling Business Environment
- 3. Strong Economic Infrastructure



#### THE WAY FORWARD...

- ➤ Continued and strengthened efforts at Social Protection and social inclusion
- ➤ Pension System Reform
- Labour Market Reform, Decent Work and Reducing Informality
- ➤ Age Friendly Employment Policies
- ➤ Tax Reform
- ➤ Investment in Human Capital

- ➤ Utilisation of Migration as a tool for Development
- ➤ Increased data generally and sex and sub-nationally disaggregated data
- ➤ Greater need for research to identify the specific determinants of low female participation in the labour force
- ➤ Inclusion of the gender dividend in the policy conversation.



# THANK YOU