## PANEL I : POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE CARIBBEAN -MIGRATION

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Opening Statements :

- Very diverse situation in the region;
- Very sensitive issue;
- Very necessary in most cases;
- Very difficult to measure

- Very diverse, if one considers the type of migration :
  - Work permit system (dominant system);
  - Migration with purpose to reside;
  - Illegal Migration;
  - Tourism (considered form of migration by IOM);
  - Refugees (more economic)
  - Free Movement of Persons (countries participating in the CSME);

Free Movement of Persons is also diverse :

Free Movement of Skills

- Graduates, Artistes, Musicians, Media workers, Sportspersons (Article 46), Teachers, Nurses (Not in Antigua & Barbuda), Holders Associate Degrees, Artisans with CVQ;
- Household Domestics from 1 Jan 2010 (Derogation Antigua & Barbuda and Belize);
- Right of Establishment / Commercial Presence;
- Temporary Movement of Service Providers

- Very diverse, if one look at the duration of the migration :
  - Short term (six months or shorter);
  - Long term (longer than six months);
  - Indefinite stay;
  - Stay can be extended only a few times (migrant is sometimes obliged to train successor)

- Very diverse, if one considers migration as a right :
  - Treaty obligation;
  - Discretionary system (dominant system)

- Very diverse, if one considers the flow of migrants :
  - Sending countries (push) vs. Receiving countries (pull);
  - Intra-Regional Migration vs. Outwards Migration

- Very sensitive issue, due to :
  - The fact that migration is about people;
  - Fear in the receiving countries;
  - Unfounded statements;
  - Lack of reliable data;
  - Lack of leadership

Very necessary in most cases, because :

- The aspirations of persons from the receiving country are not in sync with existing opportunities;
- Workforce needed to further boost growth and development;
- For investment purposes;
- Rejuvenate population

### Very difficult to measure :

- Constraints relating to Human Resources;
- Other resource constraints (equipment);
- Not a priority;
- Surveys are not answered / completed;
- Data is not supplied for all Indicators;
- Data is not correct

Skills Certificates Issued to Nationals and CARICOM Nationals from inception to May 2009

Antigua & Barbuda	19 - 57
Barbados	NP - 1083
Belize	24 - 34
Grenada	101 - 148
Guyana	2357 - 16
Saint Lucia	269 - 244
Suriname	50 - 13
Trinidad & Tobago	582 - 1308

# Migration in the Caribbean Case of Barbados

BARB ADOS	FREE	MOV E	WOR K	PERM I	FREE	MOVE	WOR K	PERM I
	2007	2007	2007	2007	2008	2008	2008	2008
Migrant	Verifie d	lssue d	LTWP	STWP	Verifie d	Issued	LTWP	STWP
BARBA D	NA	48	NA	NA	NA	52	NA	NA
CARIC O	99	115	81	7015	113	136	73	6856
OTHE R	NA	NA	506	1626	NA	NA	500	1430

#### □ Supportive Measures :

- CARICOM Agreement on Social Security
  - All countries participating in the CSME, except Suriname;
  - The Bahamas and Montserrat are party to the Agreement
  - Provides for totalisation
  - Focuses on long term benefits (invalidity, disablement, old age, survivors and death benefits in the form of pensions)

- Protocol on Contingent Rights
  - Agreement on Right of Access to Pre-Primary Education, Right to Primary Education, Right to Emergency Healthcare, Right of Spouse to work, Some Definitions (Issue with Common Law Spouse)
  - Countries are still considering Right to primary Healthcare
  - Abovementioned Rights are in line with commitments made at the International Level

Needs and Actions by CCS to address these :

- Comprehensive study on impact of Migration (9<sup>th</sup> EDF / 10<sup>th</sup> EDF);
- Comprehensive policy framework on Migration, including Rights of Migrants(Regional / National) (10<sup>th</sup> EDF);
- Establishment of Migration Information Sharing Network (Regional / National)(IADB / 10<sup>th</sup> EDF)

#### THANK YOU