

Regional Situation of Climate Change and Disaster statistics in the Caribbean DA12 project Kick-off webinar



The CARICOM Sub-regional Experience in Producing its First Climate Change Statistics Population – Philomen Harrison CARICOM Secretariat –March 9, 2021

BACKGROUND

UNSD/CARICOM PROJECT:

- Introduction of Environment Statistics in the Caribbean Community (CARICOM) was in 1999 under a UNSD/CARICOM Project- "Strengthening Capacity in Social /Gender and Environment Statistics for Conference Follow-up". (First Development Account project).
- At that time, one country, **Belize**, had produced an Environment Statistics report in 1999 and **Jamaica** was also commencing work in this area of statistics;
- Project launch for ENV component took place in Belize and a core set of statistics and indicators were identified to be compiled by Member States based on environmental issues that were considered critical to CARICOM.

BACKGROUND

- UNSD/CARICOM PROJECT:
- The first regional publication, "The CARICOM Environment in Figures -2002" was published as a main project output.
- There was also technical assistance, training in IT, equipment provision and also support from international experts.
- Sustainability considerations led to the formation of a CARICOM Advisory Group on Statistics and the development of a CARICOM Programme in Environment and Social/Gender Statistics to encourage regional and national data compilation.

BACKGROUND

- SELECTED CAPACITY BUILDING UNDERTAKEN:
- Documentation of metadata/Adoption of the FDES;
- Training workshops- in collaboration with UNSD, funded by IDPs including World Bank and EU;
- In-country Technical Assistance focusing on Interagency collaboration;
- Establishment of a Technical Working Group for the Development of Environment Statistics – First meeting (virtual) in 2016 with representatives from Antigua and Barbuda, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Bermuda, the BVI, and Turks and Caicos Islands. Outputs included TOR and work plan.
- Assessment of Data availability by country and indicators

		MAPPING						
Торіс	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework					
Hazardou	is events and	disasters						
	Occurrence of hazardous events and disasters							
		Natural disasters by type and year	CARICOM Programme, CSMDG					
		Percentage of coral reefs destroyed by human activity and by natural disasters	CSMDG					
		Number of deaths, missing people, injured, relocated or evacuated due to disasters per 100,000 people	CC SDG					
		Social dislocation resulting from natural disasters	CSMDG					
		Economic losses resulting from natural disasters	CSMDG					
		Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)	CC SDG					
		Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global GDP, including disaster damage to critical infrastructure and disruption of base services	CC SDG					
	Adaptation p	oolicies /strategy /plans						
		Number of countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategies	CC SDG					

	MAPPING									
	Торіс	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework						
	Environ	mental Health								
		Water Quality								
_			Level of Water Stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources	CC SDG						
			Amount of water and sanitation related Official Development Assistance that is part of a government coordinated spending plan	CC SDG						
		Human health								
			Number of Reported Cases of Environmentally Related Diseases	CARICOM Programme						
			Number of Households by Type of Water Supply	CARICOM Programme						
			Number of Households by Type of Sanitation Facilities	CARICOM Programme						
			Number of Households by Size of Household	CARICOM Programme						
			Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services including a hand washing facility with soap and water.	CC SDG						
			Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	CC SDG						
			Proportion of population with access to electricity	CC SDG						
			Number of Households by Type of Fuel Used for Lighting	CARICOM Programme						
			Number of families in coastal areas	CARICOM Programme						
			Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlement or inadequate housing .	CC SDG						

		MAPPING	
Торіс	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework
Waste			
	Solid Waste		
		Percentage of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge with regards to the total waste generated by cities	CC SDG
		Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM 10) in cities population weighted	CC SDG
	Number of Parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous and other chemicals and waste that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement		CC SDG
Biodive	•	·	
	Protected Spe		
		Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels	CC SDG
		Red List Index	CC SDG
	Protected Area		
		Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas	CC SDG
		Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater Biodiversity that are covered by protected areas by ecosystem type	CC SDG
		Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems,	CC SDG
Popula	tion and House	eholds	
	Building and in	frastructure vulnerable to Climate Change	
		Number of Households by Type of Dwelling	CARICOM Programme
		Number of Households by Type of Tenure	CARICOM Programme
	Proportion of Households with Own Dwelling		CSMDGs
		Number of Households by Type of Material of Outer Walls	CARICOM Programme
		Number of Households by Type of Material Used for Roofing	CARICOM Programme
		Number of Households by Number of Bedrooms	CARICOM Programme

		MAPPING	
Торіс	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework
Touris	n		
	Tourist arrivals	Same-day visitor (or excursionist)	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist (or overnight visitor)	CARICOM Programme
-		Cruise passengers	CARICOM Programme
		Number of tourist nights spent	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Intensity Ratio	CARICOM Programme
		Tourism Penetration Ratio	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Arrivals by Country of Origin	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Arrivals by Type of Accommodation	CARICOM Programme
	Hotels	Number of Hotels Classified by Size	CARICOM Programme
		Total number of beds	CARICOM Programme
		Total number of rooms occupied	CARICOM Programme
		Room occupancy rate	CARICOM Programme
		Visitor expenditure (in US\$)	CARICOM Programme
		Total directly employed in tourism (total, women, men)	CARICOM Programme
Energy	and Minerals		
	Energy Product	tion and Consumption	
		Energy Consumption by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme
		Number of Households by Type of Fuel Used for Cooking	CARICOM Programme
	Minerals		
		Mineral Production by Type	CARICOM Programme
		Mineral Reserves by Type	CARICOM Programme
Land U	Ise and Agricultu	ıre	
	Land Use		
		Land Use by type and year	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate	CC SDG
	Agricultural Cr	ops	
		Use of Fertilizers by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Use of Pesticides by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme, FDES

		MAPPING							
Торіс	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework						
Coasta	l and Marine r	esources							
Marine resources									
		Total marine area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Fish landings by type	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Protected marine area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
Forest									
		Protected Area as a Percentage of Total Territorial Area							
		Forest area as a proportion of total land area	FDES, CC SDG						
		Total Territorial Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Total Protected Area (terrestrial and marine)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Total forest area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Protected forest area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Total land area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Protected Forest Area as a percentage of Total Forest Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Protected Forest Area as a percentage of Total Land Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
Air									
	GHG emissio	ns							
		CO2 emission per unit of value added.	CC SDG						
		Emissions of Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Emissions of Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Emissions of Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds (NM-VOCs)	-						
		Emissions of Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Emissions of Methane (CH4)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Emissions of Nitrous Oxide (N2O)	CARICOM Programme, FDES						
		Emissions of Lead (Pb) and Consumption of Leaded Petrol	CARICOM Programme, FDES						

STATUS -CURRENT WORK ITALIAN PROJECT/ IDB PROJECT:

- "Capacity Building in Statistics" project funded by the Italian Agency for Development Cooperation (AICS) and implemented by the Italian National Institute of Statistics (Istat). Jointly with the CARICOM Secretariat.
- The Italian project is complimented by the "Support to Statistical Capacity in CARICOM Countries" initiative funded by the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)
- Both projects are aimed at providing the RSP of the CARICOM Secretariat and NSOs with being able to compile a range of complete and reliable information concerning 3 fields – Agriculture, Gender and Environment

STATUS - CURRENT WORK

ITALIAN PROJECT:

- Outputs for both projects:
 - Training Workshop on, Environment Statistics Climate Change Framework and Sendai Framework
 - Training Workshop on SDGs Framework
 - TA (advice and sharing experience) to enhance the NSOs' role within the NSS
 - Integrated database system developed and training undertaken to enable access to administrative data within the NSS., including on Agriculture, Environment and Gender Statistics
 - **Protocols for the exchange of data** on Environment and the other areas developed
 - Contribution to the CARICOM online knowledge base of these areas of statistics facilitated;

STATUS-CURRENT WORK

Italian Project recommendations:

- Organise specifically the metadata, mapping of methodology, definitions, data sources and quality checks, on Environment Statistics and connecting these to the SDGs, Climate Change and Hazardous Events;
- Strengthening the knowledge on SDGs' definitions and metadata and the linkages environmental indicators, climate change indicators, Sendai indicators and SDGs metadata, data and indicators.
- Stronger MOUs between NSOs and agencies
- Better use of data already available from the existing administrative sources
- Encourage countries to produce the minimum set of core environmental indicators



From Environment to Climate Change Statistics

- The Secretariat has now produced a total of four (4) CARICOM Environment in Figures publication plus its first Climate Change Statistics Publication.
- The CARICOM Climate Change Statistics Publication- which is largely exploratory is based on the fact that Climate Change is of high importance to CARICOM Small Island Developing States and it is hoped that this first publication can lay the groundwork for future work in this area.
- The approach to the production of Climate Change Statistics utilised the framework of the FDES 2013 and specifically the IPCC schematic framework;



From Environment to Climate Change Statistics

- APPROACH TO PUBLICATION ON CLIMATE CHANGE STATISTICS
- The tables previously published under environment statistics were rearranged under the five (5) components- Drivers, Impacts, Adaptation, Mitigation and Vulnerability;
- New tables were identified where required and the series in the existing tables were updated (up to 2019 for some tables).
- Key Lesson learnt: Strengthening Environment Statistics can lead to the production of Climate Change Statistics



- DRIVERS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 1.1: Emissions to Air
- Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases
- 1.1.1.a: Total emissions of direct greenhouse gases (GHGs), by gas:
- 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO2): 2000-2014

- DRIVERS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 1.1: Emissions to Air
- 1.1.1.a.2: Nitrous oxide (N2O)
- Table 1.1.1.a.2: Nitrous Oxide (N2O) emissions: 2000-2014
- 1.1.1.a.3: Methane (CH4)
- Table 1.1.1.a.3: Methane (CH4) emissions: 2000-2014
- 1.1.1.a.4: Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
- Table 1.1.1.a.4: Hydroflurocarbon (HFC) Emissions: 2000-2014

- DRIVERS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 1.1: Emissions to Air
- 1.1.1.b: Total emissions of indirect greenhouse gases (GHGs), by gas:
- 1.1.1.b.1: Non-methane volatile organic compounds (NM-VOCs)
- Table 1.1.1.b.1: Non-Methane Volatile Organic compounds (NMVOCs) emissions: 2000-2014



- DRIVERS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 1.2: Energy Resources
- Topic 1.2.1: Energy production, supply and consumption
- 1.2.1: Energy supply
- Table 1.2.1.1: CARICOM's Imports of Fossil Fuels:1995-2018
- Chart 1.2.1.1: Value of CARICOM's Imports of Fossil Fuels:1995-2018

- IMPACTS (Selected Tables)
- Subcomponent 2.1: Areas impacted by climate change
- Topic 2.1.1: Forests
- 2.1.1: Forest area

- Table 2.1.1.1: Total and Protected Forest Area: 2009-2013
- Table 2.1.1.2: Forest Area (% of land area)
- Chart 2.1.1.1: Forest Area (% of land area): 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2016
- <u>http://statistics.caricom.org/climatepub.html</u>

- IMPACTS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 2.2: Freshwater resources
- Topic 2.2.1: Freshwater resources
- Table 2.2.1.1: Renewable Freshwater Resources: 2009-2012
- Topic 2.2.2: Freshwater abstraction, supply and use
- Table 2.2.2.1: Freshwater Abstraction and Use: 2009-2012
- Table 2.2.2.1A: Freshwater Abstraction by Industry: 2009-2012
- Table 2.2.2.1B: Total Freshwater Use by Industry: 2009-2012
- Table 2.2.2.2: Water Supply Industry (ISIC 36): 2009-2012
- Table 2.2.2.3: Population with Wastewater Treatment: 2009-2012

- ADAPTATION (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 3.1: Environmental Governance and Regulation
- Topic 3.1.1: Participation in MEAs and other global environmental conventions
- 3.1.1: Participation in MEAs and other global environmental conventions
- Table 3.1.1.1: CARICOM's Participation in Multilateral Environmental Agreements related to Climate Change
- Subcomponent 3.2: Waste Management
- Topic 3.2.1: Generation of waste
- Table 3.2.1.1: Generation of Waste by Source: 2009-2012



- MITIGATION (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 4.1: Renewable energy
- Topic 4.1.1: Clean fuels and technology
- Table 4.1.1.1: Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology: 2000-2017



- VULNERABILITY
- Sub-component 5.1: Vulnerable population

- Topic 5.1.1: Generation of waste
- Table 5.1.1.1: Percentage of total population served by municipal waste collection: 2009-2012

Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases

Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO₂): 2000-2014

							(Gg)
Country	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Antigua and Barbuda							945.54
Barbados	1134.00	1152.00	1152.00	1138.00	1166.00	1208.00	1225.00
Belize	11950.00			18168.00			17375.00
Dominica	106.00	118.00	113.00	111.00	111.00	119.00	
Grenada	207.50	216.70	226.40	238.70	232.20	243.40	251.40
Guyana	1734.00	1713.00	1684.00	1675.00	1731.00		
Haiti	2595.81						
Jamaica							11205.00
Saint Lucia							
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	155.15				217.41		

Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases

Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO₂): 2000-2014

								(Gg)
Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Antigua and Barbuda								
Barbados	1305.00	1380.00	1427.00	1491.00				
Belize			13449.00					
Dominica								
Grenada	264.90	280.10	277.80	289.00	275.00	295.90	335.00	278.90
Guyana								
Haiti								
Jamaica	9857.00	10658.00	7918.00	7285.00	7870.00	7387.00		
Saint Lucia				493.00				
St. Vincent and the Grenadines								

Topic 2.1.1: Forests

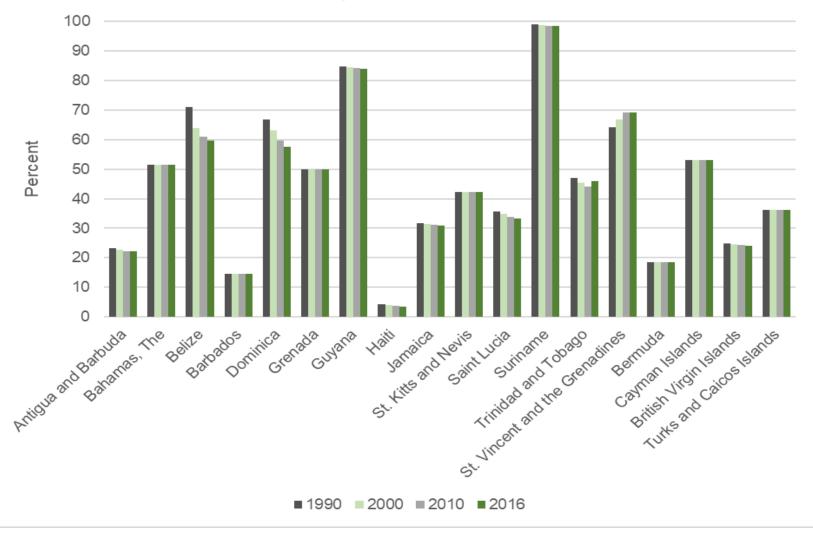
Table 2.1.1.2: Forest Area (% of land area): 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2016

				Percent
Country	1990	2000	2010	2016
Antigua and Barbuda	23.4	22.7	22.3	22.3
The Bahamas	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4
Belize	70.8	64.0	61.0	59.7
Barbados	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7
Dominica	66.7	63.1	59.5	57.4
Grenada	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Guyana	84.6	84.4	84.2	83.9
Haiti	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5
Jamaica	31.8	31.5	31.1	30.9
St. Kitts and Nevis	42.3	42.3	42.3	42.3
Saint Lucia	35.7	34.8	33.8	33.2
Suriname	98.9	98.7	98.4	98.3
Trinidad and Tobago	46.9	45.5	44.1	46.0
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	64.1	66.7	69.2	69.2
Bermuda	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5
Cayman Islands	52.9	52.9	52.9	52.9
British Virgin Islands	24.7	24.5	24.3	24.1
Turks and Caicos Islands	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.2

Source:

Food and Agriculture Organization, electronic files and web site.

Chart 2.1.1.1: Forest Area (% of land area): 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2016



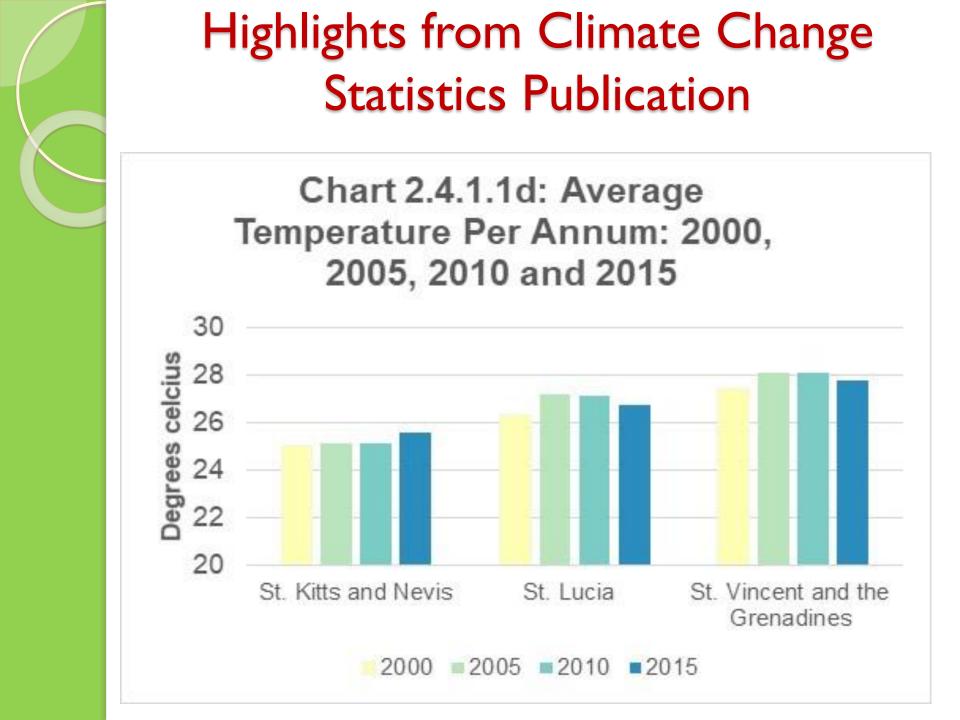




Table 2.3.1.1: Hazardous Events and Disasters by Year: 2009-2019

		Dis	Total Casualties				
Country Year		Type of Disaster	Name of Disaster	Date Started	Total	Dead /Killed	Injured
DM	2004 2007 2008 2010 2010 2011 2013 2015 2017		Dean Omar Tomas Erika Maria	21-Nov 17-Aug 16-Oct 28-Aug 18-Sep	 29 0 	0 3 0 3 0 0 30 64	 26 20 100
GD	2002 2004 2005 2011	Storm Hurricane Hurricane Torrential rainfall		07-Sep 14-Jul 12-Apr		28 1 	
GY	2005 2006	Flooding Flooding		18-Jan 28-Jan	5,034 	34	



Table 2.3.1.1: Hazardous Events and Disasters by Year: 2009-2019

		Total Casualties		Total	Affected persons	Damage	
Country	Year	Missing	Homeless	Population Affected (Number)	by flooding, power outage, or general inconvenience	(US\$ Million)	
DM							
	2004	0		19,527		90.00	
	2007	0	50			64.3	
	2008	0		253*		1.7	
	2010						
	2010						
	2011						
	2013						
	2015		574	28,594	28,000	482.8	
	2017			71,393		1,456.0	
GD	2002 2004 2005 2011			81,553 3,905 60		815.0 51.9 0.2	
GY							
	2005		*5000	***629492		465.0	
	2006			**31807		30.0	



• TOPIC 2.3.1 OCCURRENCE OF HAZARDOUS EVENTS AND DISASTERS

- Table 2.3.1.1 Hazardous Events and Disasters by Year;
- COUNTRY, TYPE OF DISASTER, NAME OF DISASTER, DATE STARTED, TOTAL CASUALTIES of which killed, Injured
- Data for Several Countries as far back as 1989 to 2019.



Challenges and Best Practices

- Major Data Gaps Data we have
 - Drivers Almost all topics covered except AFOLU drivers (IPCC) such as deforestation
 - Impacts 4 out of 13 topics only
 - Mitigation I out of 3 topics (3 indicators)
 - Vulnerability I out of 5 topics (I indicator)
- Use of data in the National Communications to the UNFCCC
- Use of Proxy data Energy Statistics, Trade data
- Use of data from international sources -Disaster Statistics
- There is also a Technical Work Group on Environment Statistics that continue to operate to sustain the production of these statistics
- Strengthening Inter-agency collaboration within the NSS

Thank you!

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