Suriname’s Achievements and National priorities on the implementation of the Montevideo Consensus 2013-2018
Content

- Composition of the report
- Main achievements
- National Priorities
Composition of the report

- Working group Ministry of Home
- Supervision consultant
- Desk research of the most recent reports
- Census data
- Input from other Ministries
- Stakeholders meeting
Reported chapters

A. Full integration of population dynamics into sustainable development with equality and respect for human rights
B. Rights, needs, responsibilities and requirements of girls, boys, adolescents and youth
C. Ageing, social protection and socioeconomic challenges
D. Universal access to sexual and reproductive health services
E. Gender equality
F. International migration and protection of the human rights of all migrants
H. Indigenous peoples: interculturalism and rights
Main achievements, chapter A.

- **Introduction of national social security system:**
  - The Act Minimum Wage of 2014
  - General Pension Act of 2014
  - Act Basic Health Insurance of 2014

- National Suicide Prevention and Intervention Plan.

- The launch of two unique courses of ICT in education at higher professional level in 2014.
Main achievements, chapter B

- Youth Development and Juvenile Justice Program
- Participation of Youth in public decision
- Adoption of legislation regarding sexual abuse and child pornography
- Revision of the marriage Act
- Actions against child labor
- Project Teenage Mothers in School
Main achievements, chapter C

- Free access to basic health care
- General old-age allowance
- Special transportation rates
- Monthly food packages
Main achievements, chapter D

- 3\textsuperscript{rd} National Strategic Plan for HIV 2014-2020; ‘prevention’ and ‘treatment and care’.
- Steady decline in the number of newly registered HIV-cases, 2006 (781) \(\rightarrow\) (2013) 473.
- Safe Motherhood and Neonatal Health Action Plan.
- Wide spread of health care centers with information to maternal health and HIV.
Main achievements, chapter E

- Structures to promote gender equality and the empowerment of women; gender policy for 2018 – 2022.

- To eliminate gender stereotyping several policies and actions have been carried out (revision of textbooks and illustrations of several disciplines).

- Nationwide training of service personnel, parliament and the counsel of ministers on gender equality

- Combating violence against women and in particular domestic violence is one of the priorities for the government of Suriname.
Main achievements, chapter F

- Establishment of a migration institute
- Access for registered migrants to free basic healthcare services
- Constitution is based on non discrimination.
National priorities

- Poverty reduction: installation of a commission to establish a national poverty line.
- A process is underway to renew the Act on Primary Education and inclusive education is being discussed and has the attention of the Ministry.
- Equal access to quality education
- Integration of Comprehensive Sexuality Education in the curriculum
- Ministry of Health is working towards a renewal of primary health care (PHC), with an emphasis on community participation, increased outreach care and building of a continuum of care referral system.
- Decreasing of the suicide rate
National priorities

- Gender mainstreaming in policy
- Renewing of labor legislation, the focus is on "Equal Treatment" and "Violence in the Workplace".
- Currently, there is a discussion about the formulation of a population policy, in the Development Plan 2018-2021 the government has paid much attention to the importance of a population policy.
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Without real action, it’s just a slogan

Thank you