

# CITIZEN SCIENCE

#### AN OPPORTUNITY FOR LIBRARIES AND SOCIETAL ACTORS

#### Biblioguías – Biblioteca de la CEPAL

Thomas Kaarsted. 22. June 2023



# Who am I?



#### 

Deputy Library Director, SDU Library Co-founder of SDU Citizen Science LIBER Citizen Science Working Group co-chair Daily manager of SDU Citizen Science in the university library Have been project manager of +20 CS-projects with researchers Study on Citizen Science in European Research Libraries (Kaarsted et. al 2023)



### Today's programme

1) Global wicked problems

2) Setting the scene – policy, partnerships and libraries

3) What is Citizen Science – and where does it come from?

4) Bridging the Gap: Citizen Science at SDU including examples







# Part 1 Global wicked problems

Where did we go wrong?

### Wicked problem



In planning and policy, a **wicked problem** is a problem that is difficult or impossible to solve because of incomplete, contradictory, and changing requirements that are often difficult to recognize. It refers to an idea or problem that cannot be fixed, where there is no single solution to the problem; and "wicked" denotes resistance to resolution, rather than evil.

(Australian Public Service Commission 2007)





#### CARLOS ACEVES AMBOY LLC



#### **NEW THIS MORNING**





**57°** 

TWO PEOPLE FC 6:38







# Part 2 Setting the scene – policy, partnerships and libraries

What's going on out there?

### **UNESCO** Recommendations for Open Science

# Preamble:

The collaborative and inclusive characteristics of open science allow new social actors to engage in scientific processes, including through citizen and participatory science, thus contributing to democratization of knowledge, fighting misinformation and disinformation, addressing existing systemic inequalities and enclosures of wealth, knowledge and power and guiding scientific work towards solving problems of social importance

SDU

### **UNESCO** Recommendations for Open Science

- 1. Promoting innovative approaches for open science: developing new participatory methods and validation techniques to incorporate and value inputs from social actors beyond the traditional scientific community, including through citizen science, crowdsource-based scientific projects, citizen involvement in community-owned archival institutions, and other forms of participatory science.
- 2. Open engagement of societal actors: ... furthermore, citizen science and citizens' participation have developed as models of scientific research conducted by non-professional scientists, following scientifically valid methodologies and frequently carried out in association with formal, scientific programmes or with professional scientists with web-based platforms and social media, as well as open source hardware and software (especially low-cost sensors and mobile apps) as important agents of interaction. For the effective reuse of the outputs of citizen and participatory science by other actors, including scientists, these products should be subject to the curation, standardization and preservation methods necessary to ensure the maximum benefit to all.
- 3. Investing in open science infrastructures and services: ...Platforms for exchanges and co-creation of knowledge between scientists and society, including through predictable and sustainable funding for volunteer organizations conducting citizen science and participatory research at the local level.

#### The scene (Citizen science initiatives. Policy and practice)





### The scene (new partnerships)



#### **Citizen Science**

#### We All Do Better When We Work Together: LIBER, ..

Posted 28-03-2022



#### **Citizen Science**

#### Press Release — LIBER Signs MoU with the European Citizen ..

Posted 24-02-2022

 $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$ 

Posted 03-02-2022



#### **Citizen Science**

Press Release – LIBER and SciStarter Sign Memorandum of Understanding (..

SDU

### The scene (LIBER's effort)









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# Part 3 What is Citizen Science – and where does it come from?

Surveying the landscape

# What's going on?

(Source: Strasser 2016)



### Citizen Science is integrated in Open Science

Source: Eva Mendez lecture, 2019



#### Citizen Science typologies

| Typology                     | Research design   | Volunteers' role   |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Contributory (consultative)  | Projects designed by expert<br>scientists (Bonney et al., 2009) or by<br>authoritative bodies (Ferster &<br>Croops, 2013)   | Volunteers' contribution limited to<br>data collection (Bonney et al., 2009)<br>or to general consultation (Ferster &<br>Croops, 2013)                                       |  |  |  |
| Collaborated (collaborative) | Projects generally designed by<br>scientists (Bonney et al., 2009) or by<br>stakeholders (Ferster & Croops,<br>2013)  | Volunteers' engagement extended<br>to refine research design and the<br>whole research activities from data<br>collection to outcomes<br>dissemination (Bonney et al., 2009) |  |  |  |
| Co-created (transformative)  | Scientists and volunteers work together in all steps of research (Bonney et al., 2009) or local communities take the lead into projects (Ferster & Croops, 2013)  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual                  | Local communities employ professional researchers for scientific<br>investigation (Green et al., 2020).Citizen Science connected to<br>community-based approaches (Commodore et al., 2017; Adler et al.,<br>2020) |  |  |  |  |
| Collegial                    | Indipendent research by volunteers submitted to experts for a scientific review (Green et al., 2020). Marginal extremist positions into scientific community (Bonney et al., 2016).                               |  |  |  |  |

![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Participation in citizen science

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

Haklay. 2013. Citizen Science and volunteered geographic information: Overview and typology of participation, Crowdsourcing Geographic Knowledge

![](_page_20_Figure_0.jpeg)

(Kilde: Golumbic et al. 2017)

# SDU &

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

EDITORIAL · 03 OCTOBER 2018

# The best research is produced when researchers and communities work together

Knowledge generated in partnership with the public and policymakers is more likely to be useful to society and should be encouraged.

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![](_page_21_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### **RELATED ARTICLES**

Nature special: Coproduction of research

SDU 🎓

![](_page_22_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_5.jpeg)

Perspective | Published: 09 October 2019

# Citizen science and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals

Steffen Fritz ⊠, Linda See, […] Sarah West

*Nature Sustainability* **2**, 922–930 (2019) | Cite this article

5525 Accesses | 1 Citations | 290 Altmetric | Metrics

1 An Author Correction to this article was published on 18 October 2019

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#### **Online Citizen Science (in English)**

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_3.jpeg)

**People-powered research** 

691.852.958CLASSIFICATIONS SO FAR BY 2.503.140 REGISTERED VOLUNTEERS

106 active projects at the moment

# Quality of Data

Quality of Data is always important in Science! Also in CS!

Protocols need to be clear, citizens must be well informed.

Data manegement/OPEN DATA/Fair data

Data is communication!

"While scientists are often skeptical of the ability of unpaid volunteers to produce accurate datasets, a growing body of publications clearly shows that diverse types of citizen-science projects can produce data with accuracy equal to or surpassing that of professionals."

![](_page_24_Picture_6.jpeg)

Source: Gacutan et al. 2016

## Policy and strategy (examples og hubs)

Bottom-up: SDU, Open Systems, Åbo Academy Inside-out: UCL, Leiden Citizen Science Lab, Edinburg Top-down: VUB Citizen Science, Citizen Science Center Zürich

![](_page_25_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_4.jpeg)

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![](_page_25_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Part 4. Bridging the gap SDU Citizen Science as facilitator between science as society

How to get started? Who to work with?

# 2016: The first CS-workshop

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

30 participants:

- Professors from all faculties and the University Hospital
- Media
- Museums
- Citizens

Aim: Can we describe a Citizen Science project?

Idea: Make citizens prioritize which research project that should be funded with 1 mio. DKK. (115.000 GBP)

# A HEALTHIER SOUTHERN DENMARK

|                          | 2017<br>ESF | 2018<br>ESF | 2019<br>ESS | 2020<br>ESS | 2022<br>ESS |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Reach              | 272.725     | 192.889     | 487.452     | 338.328     | 1.031.359   |
| Facebook (videos viewed) | 134.279     | 130.552     | 151.930     | ikke oplyst | 499.586     |
| Web (articles wiewed)    | 44.003      | 51.518      | 74.682      | 91.591      | 86.000      |
| Votes                    | 11.895      | 6.985       | 14.895      | 8.000       | 10.899      |

**1. Recruitment of user communities: Citizens in general Method: Collaboration with media** 

ETSUNDEREFYN

![](_page_29_Picture_0.jpeg)

## **A NETWORK OF PARTNERS**

![](_page_29_Figure_2.jpeg)

The Power of Many: The Citizen Science Network started as a partnership between the faculties at SDU, Odense University Hospital and University Library of Southern Denmark.

#### **CITIZEN SCIENCE AT SDU**

K.Q

Citizen Science is often used for data collection and mapping of nature areas, but at SDU we see Citizen Science as more than that.

SDU &

Citizen Science is about generating interaction and dialogue between citizens and researchers, thereby reducing the distance between them in order to encourage a debate based on knowledge and facts.

![](_page_31_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Citizen Science Knowledge Center

#### THE SDU CITIZEN SCIENCE KNOWLEDGE CENTRE

**OPENED: 1. JANUARY 2021** 

#### SDU 🎓 **SDU Citizen Science** Mission: To bring citizens closer to science - a partnership - and scientists closer to society ድ ይ ይ Ο & & & & ightarrow $\overline{}$ ዾዾዾዾ ይ ይይይ ይይ Library Faculty Media, NGO's, Policy Researchers The CS Center Public Engagement Output

![](_page_32_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### SDU 🎓

Who do you work with: An example

#### https://www.tv2fyn.dk/frit-lejde-elskrot/se-mini-dokumentarom-elskrot-sadan-satte-sdu-professor-alt-pa-et-braet

REACH: TV & SOME: + 200.000

![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### SDU 🎓

A Citizen Science partnership within EOL and the recycling of electronic waste

A university, a media outlet, 4 municipalities, 11 private sector partners, repair cafés

Unique research data: incl. 17 containers full

Dissminisation of scientific information to the public

A reach of +150.000 across platforms

The Power of Many: Know your partners!

Sources: Nøjgaard et al (2020), Zhilyaev et al. 2021

# SDU Moves: an ongoing project

- Community/ambassadors
- Dialogues and interaction
- Walking Meetings guide & campaign in co-creation

Recruitment of user communities: Employees and students as community. Method: Collaboration within the organization

![](_page_36_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Spokesperson for new 'walking meeting' campaign: SDU rector Jens Ringsmose

#### 'Find a lake' – a biology project

Recruitment of user communities: Schools and high schools Method: Collaboration with schools and high schools

![](_page_38_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

### **MARINE TRACKER**

Since 2019 +8.000 sightings

+4.500 participants

Data on motivation:

Environment

Interest in marine life

Local community

![](_page_39_Picture_9.jpeg)

#### **Velkommen til Marine Tracker**

Marine Tracker giver dig mulighed for at se aktuelle observationer af marsvin og oprette rapporter om nye observationer

![](_page_39_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Picture_13.jpeg)

# Libraries and Citizen Science

- Broad Engagement in Science, Point of Contact (BESPOC)
- No one size fits all
- Prioritize
- Build networks: internally and externally
- Advocacy
- Utilize existing skills and competences
- FAIR DATA
- Teach Citizen Science

Kaarsted et al. (2023): How Can European Research Libraries Support Citizen-Enhanced Open Science

Ignat & Ayris: Built to last (2020)

https://insights.uksg.org/articles/10.1629/uksg.501/

![](_page_40_Picture_12.jpeg)

### How to get started? The bottom up approach

- The Big Why: In your library or unit
- Mapping: Do you have any CS examples at your university?
- Transferrable skills: Could you use any of the skills in your library/unit to facilitate CS?
- Existing services: Something already on tab?
- Make yourself heard: Advocacy
- Explore: Workshop
- Back to HQ: Discuss, align, commit

### The Big Why

# "If Libraries can loan out books. Why not a Citizen Science-project?"

Professor Josep Perello, University of Barcelona

![](_page_42_Picture_3.jpeg)

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