PRINCIPLE 10 OF THE RIO DECLARATION WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF THE BARBADOS PROGRAMME OF ACTION (BPOA) AND THE MAURITIUS FOR THE FURTHER IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BPOA (MS/BPOA)

Regional Workshop on the Implementation of Rio Principle 10 in the Caribbean, Trinidad and Tobago, 16 September 2013

by

Mark D. Griffith, Ph.D.

OUTLINE

- CONTEXT
- RELEVANCE OF PRINCIPLE 10 IN THE CONTEXT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BARBADOS PROGRAMME OF ACTION (BPOA) AND THE MAURITIUS FOR THE FURTHER IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BPOA
- ☐ GOVERNMENT ENFORCEMENT ACTION, PRIVATE ACCESS TO REMEDIES AND PROCEDURAL GUARANTEES
- □ SIDS INTER-REGIONAL MEETING OUTCOME FOR THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF SMAAL ISLAND DEVELOPING STATES (SIDS)

CONTEXT

- □The Declaration of Barbados re-affirms the principles and commitments to sustainable development embodied in the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development.
- □ It can therefore be argued, that the principles contained in the Rio Declaration, including Principle 10, underpins the BPOA and the MS/BPOA.

CONTEXT: PRINCIPLE 10

Environmental issues are best handled with participation of all citizens.

- Provision by all to appropriate access to information concerning the environment held by public authorities.
- Communities should have the opportunity to participate in decision-making processes.
- * Facilitation and encouragement by States of **public awareness** and participation by making information widely available and the **effective access to judicial and administrative proceedings**, including redress and remedy.

RELEVANCE OF PRINCIPLE 10 IN THE CONTEXT OT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BPOA AND THE MS/BPOA

Approach use in the designed of the BPOA: underlying "principles"

- Based on a Triangular Approach with on emphasis on National, Regional and International Action.
- Inter-and Intra-Regional collaboration among and between SIDS.
- Recognition that economic development must become sustainable development by incorporating environmental and resources management principles. To achieve this requires:
- Interdisciplinary approaches to both planning and decision making; and
- **Encouragement of public participation** in this process.

RELEVANCE OF PRINCIPLE 10 IN THE CONTEXT OT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BPOA AND THE MS/BPOA

Approach use in the designed of the BPOA: underlying "principles"

- Broad **public participation** is a **fundamental prerequisite** for the achievement of sustainable development:
- * Main Instrument for achieving public participation in decision making is by way of Environmental Impact Assessments (EIA).
- Trade as an engine for development in SIDS and the need for the full and effective participation of developing countries in global decision making.
- One of the instruments suggested is via bi-lateral trade.
- □ Recognition of the complexity of international law and the need to enhance the capacity of SIDS to develop and implement national environmental law.

GOVERNMENT ENFORCEMENT ACTION, PRIVATE ACCESS TO REMEDIES AND PROCEDURAL GUARANTEES

Judicial, Quasi-judicial or Administrative Proceedings to seek appropriate sanctions or remedies for violations of environmental laws and regulations [Bi-lateral Trade Agreement]

- * interested persons may request the Party's competent authorities to investigate alleged violations of its environmental laws and regulations and shall give such requests due consideration in accordance with law.
- * persons with a legally recognized interest under its law in a particular matter have appropriate access to such proceedings for the enforcement of the Party's environmental laws and regulations.

PRIVATE ACCESS TO REMEDIES

- Private access to remedies shall include rights, in accordance with the Party's law, such as
- Sue another person under that Party's jurisdiction for damages;
- Seek sanctions or remedies such as monetary penalties, emergency closures or orders to mitigate the consequences of violations of its environmental laws and regulations;
- Request the competent authorities to take appropriate action to enforce that Party's environmental laws and regulations in order to protect the environment or to avoid environmental harm; or
- Seek injunctions where a person suffers, or may suffer, loss, damage or injury as a result of conduct by another person under that Party's jurisdiction contrary to that Party's environmental laws and regulations or from tortious conduct.

PROCEDURAL GUARANTEES

The administrative, quasi-judicial and judicial proceedings must be fair, open and equitable and must, *inter alia*,

- comply with due process of law;
- open to the public, except where the administration of justice otherwise requires;
- entitle the parties to the proceedings to support or defend their respective positions and to present information or evidence; and
- are not unnecessarily complicated and do not entail unreasonable charges or time limits or unwarranted delays.

SIDS INTER-REGIONAL MEETING OUTCOME DOCUMENT FOR THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF SIDS

Reiteration of a commitment to the Rio Principles.

Reiteration of a commitment to good governance and encourage major groups to advocate as well as to play a role in setting and attaining the sustainable development priorities of SIDS at the national, regional and international levels.

Systematic collection of environmental data.

CONCLUSION

THANK YOU!