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Measuring and Reporting on the SDGs in Latin America and the Caribbean

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SDG Reporting Mechanisms

- ▶ **Global**
 - ▶ High-level Political Forum (HLPF)
- ▶ **Regional**
 - ▶ Forum of the Countries of Latin America and the Caribbean on Sustainable Development
- ▶ **Caribbean Subregional**
 - ▶ Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC)
 - ▶ Monitoring Committee of CDCC
- ▶ **National/Sub-national (E.g., Mexico)**
 - ▶ Specialized Technical Committee on the Sustainable Development Goals (CTEODS)/VNR at national level
 - ▶ Council for the fulfilment of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in the State of Oaxaca/VSR

LAC Regional Framework

- ▶ **Statistical Coordinating Group for the 2030 Agenda in LAC**
 - ▶ To coordinate the process of preparing and implementing regional indicators and to build relevant capacities
 - ▶ In coordination with IAEG-SDG and HLG for Partnership, Coordination and Capacity-Building for Statistics

Approach to Selection of Indicators

- ▶ Takes from the framework of global indicators a subset of the most relevant indicators for the region, on the basis of its specific characteristics relating to the three dimensions of development (social, economic and environmental).
- ▶ Adapts the framework of global indicators, adding to these as necessary set of proxy indicators whenever adaptation to regional characteristics is necessary, either because of the type of information available or of the degree of suitability for measuring these characteristics.

Approach to Selection of Indicators

- ▶ Complements both of the previously mentioned sets of indicators with specific ones that focus on monitoring characteristics and phenomena that are central to the region's development, and that are not addressed in the framework of global indicators with the specificity needed.

LAC Regional SDG Indicators

- ▶ A total of **150** indicators
 - ▶ 122 indicators are from the global framework
 - ▶ 3 proxy indicators (global indicators with regional adaptation)
 - ▶ 25 complementary regional indicators (addressing region-specific development characteristics)

SDG	Global	Proxy	Complementary	Total
1	8	1	0	9
2	7	0	2	9
3	29	1	6	36
4	10	0	2	12
5	11	0	2	13
6	4	0	0	4
7	3	0	0	3
8	11	0	1	12
9	9	0	0	9
10	6	0	1	7
11	7	0	1	8
12	3	1	0	4
13	4	0	2	6
14	5	0	2	7
15	6	0	2	8
16	13	0	1	14
17	14	0	3	17
Total	122	3	25	150

Caribbean Sub-regional Mechanism

- ▶ **CARICOM Core Set of SDG Indicators**
 - ▶ CARICOM has adopted a subset of the Global SDG indicators as core for the Caribbean
 - ▶ Consists of 125 Tiers I & II indicators

Presentation of VNR by LAC Countries

Country	1 st VNR	2 nd VNR	3 rd VNR
Argentina	2017	2020	
The Bahamas	2018		
Barbados	2020		
Belize	2017	2020	
Bolivia	2020		
Brazil	2017		
Chile	2017	2020	
Colombia	2016	2018	
Costa Rica	2017	2020	
Dominican Republic	2018		
Ecuador	2018	2020	



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Presentation of VNR by LAC Countries

Country	1 st VNR	2 nd VNR	3 rd VNR
El Salvador	2017		
Guatemala	2017	2019	
Guyana	2019		
Honduras	2017	2020	
Jamaica	2018		
Mexico	2016	2018	
Panama	2017	2020	
Paraguay	2018		
Peru	2017	2020	
Saint Lucia	2019		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	2020		
Trinidad and Tobago	2020		

Innovations in SDG Reporting

VNRs

- Statistical Annexes/Appendices
- GIS-based maps
- High-quality pictures
- Infographic

Regional/National Monitoring

- ECLAC SDG Gateway
- Online SDG Dashboard

Global/Thematic Monitoring

- iTech/SDG Interactive Data Dashboard
- WHO/World Health Statistics data visualizations dashboard

Main challenges to be addressed

Difficulties in collecting and processing data for SDG indicators

Limited capacity to generate high quality data in a timely manner

Level of disaggregation required is demanding

Paucity of data on environmental indicators