

Latin America (18 countries): persons living in poverty and indigence, around 2005, 2011 and 2012 ^a
(Percentages)

Country	Around 2005			Around 2011			2012		
	Year	Poverty	Indigence	Year	Poverty	Indigence	Year	Poverty	Indigence
Argentina ^b	2005	30.6	11.9	2011	5.7	1.9	2012	4.3	1.7
Bolivia	2004	63.9	34.7	2009	42.4	22.4	...	...	...
Brazil	2005	36.4	10.7	2011	20.9	6.1	2012	18.6	5.4
Chile	2006	13.7	3.2	2011	11.0	3.1	...	...	...
Colombia ^c	2005	45.2	13.9	2011	34.2	10.7	2012	32.9	10.4
Costa Rica ^d	2005	21.1	7.0	2011	18.8	7.3	2012	17.8	7.3
Dominican Republic	2005	47.5	24.6	2011	42.2	20.3	2012	41.2	20.9
Ecuador	2005	48.3	21.2	2011	35.3	13.8	2012	32.2	12.9
El Salvador	2004	47.5	19.0	2010	46.6	16.7	2012	45.3	13.5
Guatemala	2006	54.8	29.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Honduras	2006	71.5	49.3	2010	67.4	42.8	...	...	...
Mexico	2006	31.7	8.7	2010	36.3	13.3	2012	37.1	14.2
Nicaragua	2005	61.9	31.9	2009	58.3	29.5	...	...	...
Panama	2005	31.0	14.1	2011	25.3	12.4	...	...	...
Paraguay	2005	56.9	27.6	2011	49.6	28.0	...	...	...
Peru ^e	2003	52.5	21.4	2011	27.8	6.3	2012	25.8	6.0
Uruguay	2005 ^b	18.8	4.1	2011	6.5	1.1	2012	5.9	1.1
Venezuela	2005	37.1	15.9	2011	29.5	11.7	2012	23.9	9.7

Source: Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), on the basis of special tabulations of data from household surveys conducted in the respective countries.

^a ECLAC is in the process of updating poverty estimates, the results of which will appear in *Social Panorama* in 2014.

^b Urban areas.

^c Figures from the National Administrative Department of Statistics (DANE) of Colombia.

^d Figures for 2011 and 2012 are not strictly comparable with data from previous years.

^e Figures from the National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (INEI) of Peru.