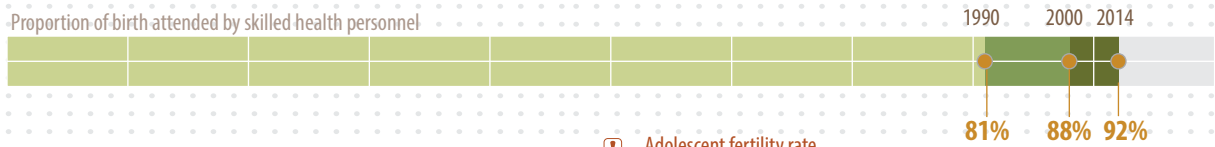


Target 5A: Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio



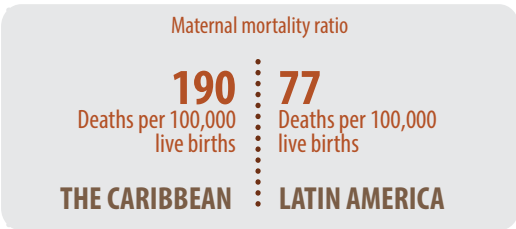
BIRTH ATTENDANCE BY SKILLED HEALTH PERSONNEL HAS INCREASED IN THE REGION

Proportion of birth attended by skilled health personnel



MATERNAL MORTALITY REMAINS HIGH IN THE REGION

Maternal deaths are associated with complications during pregnancy, birth and puerperium



PREVENT AND REDUCE ADOLESCENT PREGNANCY

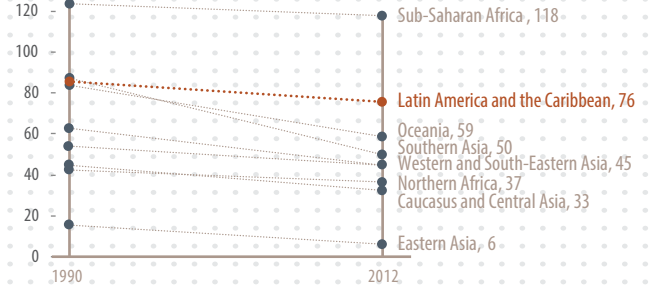


BROADEN ACCESS TO SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE



Adolescent fertility rate

Number of live children per 1,000 adolescent women aged 15-19 years

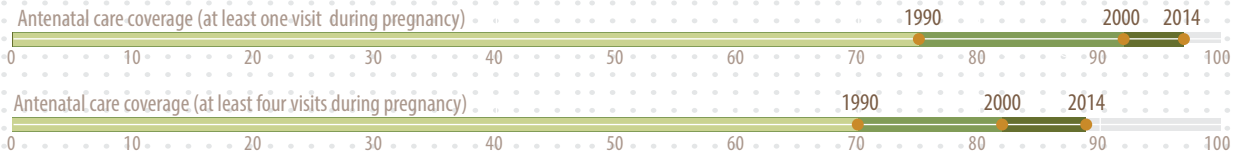


LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN HAS THE WORLD'S HIGHEST ADOLESCENT FERTILITY RATE AFTER SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

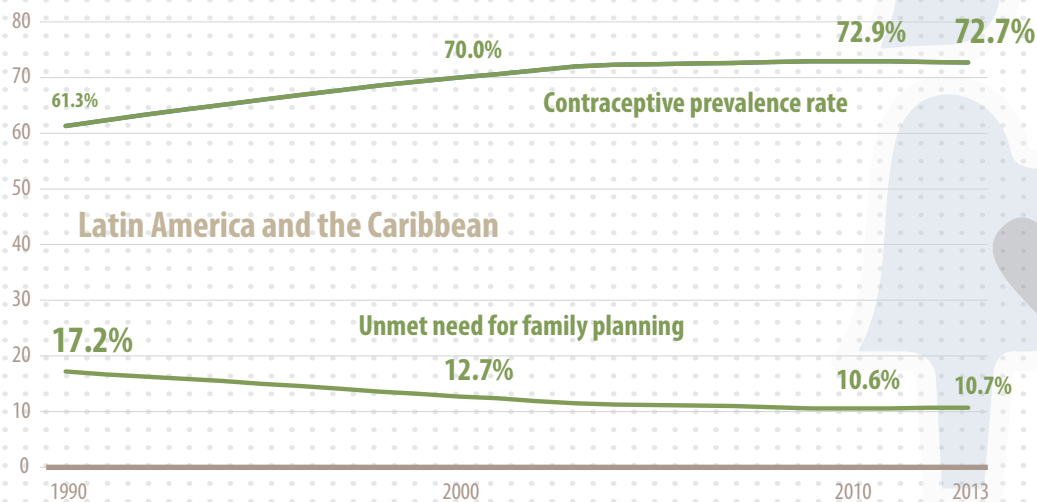
Target 5B: Achieve, by 2015, universal access to reproductive health



THE REGION HAS IMPROVED ANTENATAL CARE AND COMPARES WELL TO OTHER WORLD REGIONS IN THIS RESPECT



THE REGION HAS MADE PROGRESS REGARDING CONTRACEPTIVE USE AND IN MEETING FAMILY PLANNING NEEDS



Source: Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), Latin America and the Caribbean: looking ahead after the Millennium Development Goals. Regional monitoring report on the Millennium Development Goals in Latin America and the Caribbean, 2015 (LC/G.2646), Santiago, 2015. More indicators are available in CEPALSTAT [online] <http://estadisticas.cepal.org/cepalstat/>. Some vectors of this infographic were designed by Freepik.com